# 発表資料

### Part 1: RECOVERING FROM A GLOBAL PANDEMIC

Panel 1 : Restoring Growth in Global Trade and Investment after the Coronavirus Pandemic

① 鈴木 英夫氏 日本製鉄株式会社 常務執行役員

Panel 2: New Rules for New Technologies: Industry 4.0 and Beyond

①石黒 憲彦氏 日本電気株式会社 取締役 執行役員副社長

Part 2 : COUNTERING THE CORONAVIRUS CRISIS AND BEYOND: TOWARD SUSTAINABLE GLOBAL GROWTH AND GEOPOLITICAL STABILITY

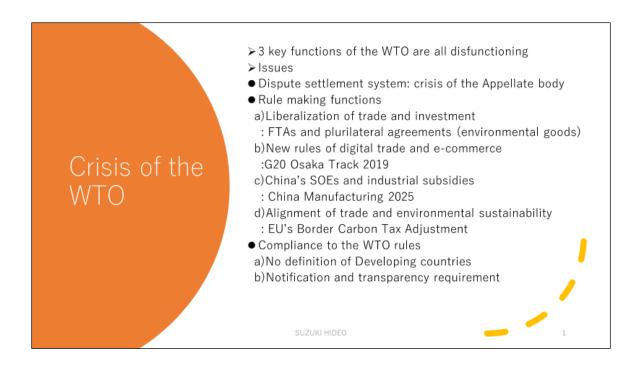
Panel 3: The Role of Japanese and European Connectivity

①細谷 雄一氏 慶應義義塾大学法学部教授

②小掠 義之氏 日立ヨーロッパ社 相談役

### Part 1 Panel 1

①鈴木 英夫氏



WTO's role in fighting the COVID19 Crisis

- ➤ Can TRIPs help quicker distributions of vaccin
- ➤WTO must fight against the protectionism and domestic subsidies of the economic recovery measures out of COVID19 crisis
  - →reform of the dispute settlement system is ever more urgent
- ➤ COVID19 crisis may accelerate rule making of the digital trade and e-commerce
- ➤ Green Recovery Policy: compatibility with the WTO rules or need for new rules

# Japan and EU Partnership

- Japan and EU fully share the importance of multilateral rules-based trade and investment system
- President Trump's America First Policy is a big obstacle: wait for US political change
- Setting basic principals and directions by Trilateral Meeting of the Trade Ministers
- Collaboration in Negotiations in Geneva
- Rules of CPTPP shall be a guiding principal informing new rule making in the WTO
- Upgrading plurilateral agreements

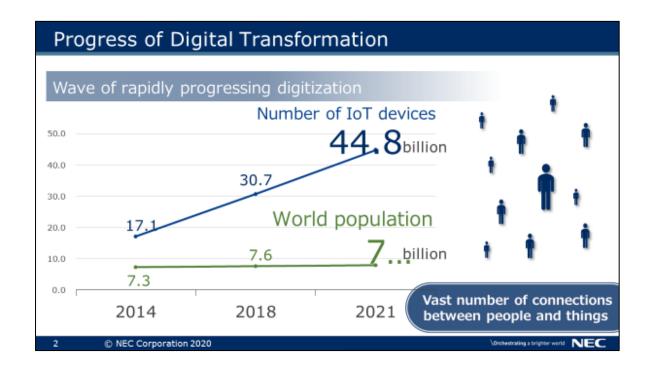


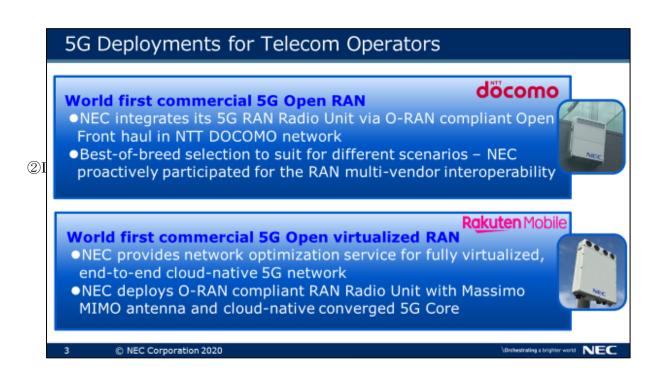
①石黒 憲彦氏

New Technologies Towards 'New Normal' Era

October 8, 2020

Norihiko Ishiguro
Senior Executive Vice President and Member of the Board
NEC Corporation





# Value required under the influence of COVID-19 Visualize non-mask / fever people by remote video and non-contact sensing in real time. Realize business continuity and infection prevention by remote device control and unmanned transport. Protect privacy and safely exchange information such as quarantine or medical history. Protect privacy and safely exchange information such as quarantine or medical history. Understand people flow and logistics in real time and flexibly optimize the supply chain.

Orchestrating a brighter world

### Panel 3

①細谷 雄一氏

 $4^{\rm th}$  JEF-DGAP International Symposium, "A Brave New Economic World Order" October 8, 2020

Panel 3: The Role of Japanese and European Connectivity

Japan's Strategy for the "Free and Open Indo-Pacific" Vision Yuichi Hosoya (Keio University)

### 1. Connective "Two Continents" and "Two Oceans"

- Japan aims to connect sub-regions within the Indo-Pacific region to accelerate economic growth.

"Japan has been promoting the "Free and Open Indo-Pacific Strategy." The Indo-Pacific Ocean links rapidly growing Africa, the Middle East, Asia, and North America. It is indispensable for Japan, US, and like-minded countries such as India and Australia to maintain and develop a free and open maritime order based on the rule of law in this region. ... Japan also intends to pursue economic prosperity through the reinforcement of connectivity by improving infrastructures, such as seaports and railways and roads." (Speech by Foreign Minister Taro Kono at Columbia University "Diplomacy in Creeping Crises", September 21, 2017).

Japan has been connecting "two continents" and "two oceans". The aim is to improve "connectivity" between Asia and Africa through free and open Indo-Pacific, and promote stability and prosperity of the region as a whole.

### 2. Three Pillars of the "Free and Open Indo-Pacific" Vision

- ① Freedom of navigation and the rule of law:
- 2 Connectivity:
- 3 Capacity building:

"The Indo-Pacific region, which extends from the Asia-Pacific through the Indian Ocean to the Middle East and Africa, is the core of global development where more than half of the global population resides. I am sure that maintaining and strengthening a free and open maritime order of the Indo-Pacific region as a "global common" will bring stability and prosperity equally to all countries in this region.

(Foreign Minister Taro Kono, Foreign Policy Speech to the  $196^{\rm th}$  Session of the Diet, January 22, 2018).

### 3. The Co-existence of the Two Strategies

- Prime Minister Shinzo Abe clarified that Japan was ready for supporting China's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) with conditions.

"Reversing his position, Prime Minister Shinzo Abe has indicated that Japan is ready to cooperate with China's "One Belt, One Road" (OBOR) initiative for cross-continental infrastructure development under certain conditions. He is also now willing to consider Japan joining the China-initiated Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) — of which Japan, along with the United States, sat out when it was set up in 2015 — once doubts about its governance and operation are cleared."

("The Editorial: Japan and 'One Belt, One Road", The Japan Times, June 24, 2017)

-At the Japan-China Summit meeting on July 8, 2017, Prime Minister Shinzo Abe and President Xi Jinping shared the following view.

"Japan and China will discuss how to contribute to the stability and prosperity of the region and the world, including the One Belt, One Road initiative."

-Prime Minister Abe and Prime Minister Li Keqiang reaffirmed the importance of coordinate Japan's and China's strategy for the regional stability and prosperity at the summit meeting on November 13, 2017.

"Both sides shared the view that they will discuss approaches for Japan and China to contribute to the stability and prosperity of the region and the world, including "the Belt and Road Initiatives."

### 4. The Limit in Japan-China Cooperation

- Japan's approach to the FOIP has become less dynamic as the current U.S.-China's rivalry becomes more tensed than before.
- PM Abe remains firm on his strong belief in the importance of the U.S.-Japan alliance as the cornerstone for the stability in the Indo-Pacific region. However, both President Trump and President Xi, leaders of the two strongest powers, are much less so.
- In the current environment, Japan's government continues to enhance its partnership with like-minded powers, such as the UK, France, Australia, India, Canada among others. As the key country that created both the TPP and the EU-Japan EPA/SPA, Japan needs to further consolidate the rules-based international order which is based on important norms such as democracy, free trade, human rights and freedom of navigation.

### 5. Japan's Strategy for a Stronger Japan-EU Partnership

- Under the increasing confrontation between the U.S. and China, Japan is enhancing its cooperation with the EU to consolidate the rules-based connectivity.

"We are in an age where the values and principles we have held dear could waver or drift. And yet the EU and Japan, two poles on both ends of Eurasia, forged an SPA and made it begin with a resounding declaration. / The declaration made is that Japan and the EU are able to continue their deep and long-lasting cooperation as strategic partners because they share common values and principles. That is because those values and principles constitute the basis for their cooperation."

"Whether it be a single road or a single port, when the EU and Japan undertake something, we are able to build sustainable, comprehensive, and rules-based connectivity, from the Indo-Pacific to the Western Balkans and Africa. / We are able to engender connectivity that is not merely "connecting things" but rather "connecting things well." (Speech by Shinzo Abe, ""Japan and the EU: The Strong and Steady Pillars Supporting Many Bridges"— Keynote Speech by the Prime Minister at the Europa Connectivity Forum, September 27, 2019)



Countering the Coronavirus Crisis and Beyond: Toward Sustainable Global Growth and Geopolitical Stability

# The Role of Japanese and European Connectivity

October 8, 2020

## Yoshiyuki Ogura

Senior Executive Advisor of Hitachi Europe Ltd. Managing Director of Hitachi Europe GmbH

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