# US-Japan Form 2015 Session1

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### Japan Revitalization Strategy (Growth Strategy) 2015

#### • Priority of Abenomics in the first 2.5 years

- vercome the deflation
- tackle the lack of demand, with three arrows
- ➤ corporate tax rate reduction
  FY2014 34.62% ⇒ FY2016 31.33% and down to the twenties ASAP

#### Outcome up-to date

#### • A virtuous economic cycle in motion

- corporate profits at its highest level
- wage hikes for the two consecutive years average wage increase In July 2015 : 2.20%, highest in 17 years
- > a sign of recovering consumption
- Iabor market (supply and demand) tightened, 1million employees has increased in 2.5 years, unemployment rate: 3.4%
- rapid decrease in GDP gaps
- Economy expected to overcome the deflation
- Investment on upward trend but not sufficient

FY2012 JPY64.9tril  $\Rightarrow$  FY2014 JPY69.3tril

### **Real Challenge Facing Japan**

- Mid-long term constraint of workforce
- Increasing government debt
- Which areas to earn profit for Japanese business
- Necessary to overcome the supply constraints in order to realize a sustainable growth
- Key to overcome this challenge: improvement of productivity
- Now is the time for action: investment of the private sector for the future

## **Recommendation by OECD April 2015**

#### • Delay the decreasing trend of workforce

- supporting child care
- encouraging women in to work
- increasing foreign workforce
- Join high level FTAs including TPP
- Improve Business environment in order to enhance productivity
  - > enhancing corporate governance
  - more flexible labor market
  - Favorable environment for venture challenge
  - support for corporate restructuring
  - reducing support for SMEs
  - reform of agriculture cooperatives
  - creating more efficient and market oriented agriculture industry

## Political calendar and Abenomics in its second stage

- PM Abe was reelected as the LDP leader on 8 September 2015 for 3 years
- Approval of national security laws
- The House of Councilors election in July 2016
- PM Abe will focus on economic policy (Abenomics second stage) to win the election
- TPP and other Mega-FTAs (EU,RECP,CJK)
- Abenomics in its second stage is prepared focused on realization of a productivity revolution or "<u>4<sup>th</sup> Industrial</u> <u>revolution</u>" by investment in the future and promotion of "<u>Local Abenomics</u>"

### Recommendation by the Council of Economics and Fiscal Policy in September 11, 2015

4 Priority agenda indicated by the Council

- Revitalizing household economy and consumption through improvement of employment and income, support for child-rearing and increase of birth rate
- Enhancement of potential growth rate through realizing a productivity revolution by investment in the future and fostering new key industries
- Creating environment for women, young and elderly people to work by exercising their capabilities (skills and career) well
- Attracting money and human resources to local areas and enhance capability of local communities to create values

## Challenges to Global Economy for both US and Japan

- Slow-down of Chinese economy: possibility of bubble economy and structural problems
- Slow-down of world economic growth
- Low prices of energy and natural resources
   (+&- effect on world economy)
- Tapering of QE3
- Presidential election and sharp political divide in the US
- Can Abenomics in its second stage address long-term structural reform?